

Systemes linaires

1. Calculez les solutions des systemes suivants dans \mathbb{R}^3 . Pour chacun d'eux, precisez s'il est determine, simplement ou doublement indetermine, ou encore impossible. Analysez egalement les positions relatives des plans qu'il definit et decrivez sa solution geometrique.

a)
$$\begin{cases} x - 2y + z = 3 \\ 2x + y - z = 2 \\ x + 3y - 2z = -1 \end{cases} \quad S = \left\{ \left(\frac{\lambda + 7}{5}, \frac{3\lambda - 4}{5}, \lambda \right) \mid \lambda \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

b)
$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y - 5z = 2 \\ x - y + z = 1 \\ 3x - 2y + 8z = 9 \end{cases} \quad S = \{(1, 1, 1)\}$$

c)
$$\begin{cases} 7x + 2y - z = 0 \\ 9x + y - 5z = -4 \\ 8x + 6y - 2z = 2 \end{cases} \quad S = \left\{ \left(\frac{-5}{53}, \frac{38}{53}, \frac{41}{53} \right) \right\}$$

d)
$$\begin{cases} 8x + 4y - z = 2 \\ y + z = 1 \\ 4x - 5y + z = 11 \end{cases} \quad S = \{(1, -1, 2)\}$$

e)
$$\begin{cases} x - 4y - z = 1 \\ 2x - 5y + 2z = 2 \\ 6x - 18y + 2z = 6 \end{cases} \quad S = \left\{ \left(\frac{3 - 13\lambda}{3}, \frac{-4\lambda}{3}, \lambda \right) \mid \lambda \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

f)
$$\begin{cases} 2x - 5y + 3z = 0 \\ 5x + 2y - 3z = 0 \\ 21x - 9y = 0 \end{cases} \quad S = \{(9\lambda, 21\lambda, 29\lambda) \mid \lambda \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

g)
$$\begin{cases} x + 2y - 5z = 8 \\ 4x + 6y - 2z = 5 \\ x + y + 4z = 2 \end{cases} \quad S = \emptyset$$

h)
$$\begin{cases} x + 2y + 3z = 1 \\ 2x + 3y + 4z = -2 \\ 5x + 8y + 11z = 3 \end{cases} \quad S = \emptyset$$

i)
$$\begin{cases} x + 2y + 3z = -2 \\ 2x + 3y + 4z = 1 \\ 10x + 16y + 22z = 0 \end{cases} \quad S = \{(\lambda + 8, -2\lambda - 5, \lambda) \mid \lambda \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

j)
$$\begin{cases} x - y + z = 2 \\ 4x - 4y + 4z = 8 \\ -2x + 2y - 2z = -4 \end{cases} \quad S = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x - y + z = 2\}$$

k)
$$\begin{cases} x + 4y - z = 1 \\ 4x - 6y + 4z = 42 \\ -x + 2y + z = 17 \end{cases} \quad S = \{(2, 3, 13)\}$$

2. Résolvez, discutez et interprétez géométriquement les systèmes suivants (a, b et c sont des paramètres réels):

$$1). \begin{cases} x + y + z = 1 \\ x + y + az = 2 \\ ax + a^2y + a^3z = b \end{cases}$$

$$2). \begin{cases} x + y + az = 1 \\ x + ay + z = a \\ ax + y + z = a^2 \end{cases}$$

$$3). \begin{cases} x + ay + z = 2a \\ ax + y + z = 0 \\ x + ay + (a+1)z = a \end{cases}$$

$$4). \begin{cases} x + y + az = a^2 \\ x + ay + z = 3a \\ ax + y + z = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$5). \begin{cases} ax + y + z = 1 \\ x + ay + z = 1 \\ x + y + az = b \end{cases}$$

$$6). \begin{cases} x + ay + a^2z = 1 \\ x + ay + abz = a \\ bx + ay + a^2bz = a^2 \end{cases}$$

$$7). \begin{cases} x + y + z = 0 \\ ax + by + cz = 0 \\ bcx + cay + abz = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$8). \begin{cases} ax + by + cz = 0 \\ a^2x + b^2y + c^2z = 0 \\ a^3x + b^3y + c^3z = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a) \end{cases}$$

$$9). \begin{cases} ax + y + z = 0 \\ x + ay + z = 0 \\ x + y + z = 0 \end{cases}$$